## **International Thematic Workshop**

DIPARTIMENTO DI PSICOLOGIA DEI PROCESSI DI SVILUPPO E SOCIALIZZAZIONE



Migration studies and inclusive policies from social, developmental and educational perspective



Rome (Italy), 21<sup>st</sup> – 23<sup>rd</sup> September 2020

## **Invited Lecturer Form**

PERSONAL INFORMATION	
Family Name	Echterhoff
First Name	Gerald
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INSTITUTIONAL AFFILIATION		
Invited Lecturer's role:	X Professor	
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## Short Profile (100 words) to be published in the on-line Proceedings



Gerald Echterhoff is Professor of Social Psychology at the University of Münster and Fellow of the Academy of Sciences and Arts of the federal state; PhD at the New School for Social Research (New York), Postdoctoral Fellow at Columbia University. His research passions include shared reality, social cognition, memory, interpersonal communication, intergroup processes, and the psychology of refugee migration and integration. Currently, he directs projects in the Center of Excellence "Religion and Politics" and in the Research Group "Constructing Scenarios of the Past: A New Framework in Episodic Memory" funded by the German Research Foundation.

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## Towards a Psychology of Refugee Integration

**Gerald Echterhoff**, University of Münster, Germany https://www.uni-muenster.de/PsyIFP/AEEchterhoff/

The successful management of refugee immigration, including refugee integration in host societies, requires a sound understanding of underlying psychological processes. I will present a framework on the Psychological Antecedents of Refugee Integration (PARI), developed in collaboration with colleagues from different fields of psychology (social, personality, clinical, organizational, education & developmental). We argue that forcedness (i.e., coercion by push factors) and ensuing perils (risks and potential suffering during migration) are distinctive factors of /refugee/ migration. According to the PARI framework, perceptions and subjective representations of forcedness and related perils trigger specific psychological mechanisms (e.g., loss of control) that moderate integration-relevant responses to the demands and stressor of the immigration situation.